1) What is the name of the country highlighted in red?
   A) Egypt
   B) Kenya
   C) Libya
   D) South Africa

2) Which tax is collected on the production of specific goods, like cigarettes, within a country?
   A) excise
   B) income
   C) sales
   D) tariffs

3) Which historical figure supported nonviolence as a way of India gaining its independence from Britain?
   A) Mother Teresa
   B) Salman Rushdie
   C) Mohandas Gandhi
   D) Muhammad Jinnah

4) Which word best describes the U.S. policy towards communism in the 1950s and 1960s?
   A) appeasement
B) containment  
C) elimination  
D) indifference

5) Which region of Africa is characterized by semi-arid, flat grasslands which are home to small villages of subsistence farmers?  
A) the Sahel  
B) the Sahara  
C) the savanna  
D) the Altiplano

6) What event is generally considered to be the "spark" that started the "War on Terrorism"?  
A) the war in Iraq, 2003-present  
B) 1991 Iraq invasion of Kuwait  
C) the war in Afghanistan, 2001-present  
D) September 11, 2001, attacks on the U.S.
7) The changes in China’s economy since the 1990s have resulted in
   A) China’s shift to greater market economy reforms.
   B) China’s isolation from the international economy.
   C) China’s increased reliance on their command economy.
   D) China’s economic stagnation and lack of productivity.

8) In Kenya, the literacy rate for males is 90.6% while the rate for girls is 79.7%. In Sudan, 71.8% of males are considered literate as opposed to 50.5% of the female population.

Which statement BEST describes what is causing the difference in literacy rates for males and females?
   A) Female students are less able to afford tuition to attend school.
   B) Cultural norms and values place little emphasis on education for females in the two nations.
   C) Female students are only required to attend school until age 7, while males attend until age 10.
   D) Male students have greater literacy rates because of mandatory military programs in the schools.

9) In the spring of 1989, thousands of protesters gathered in Tiananmen Square in Beijing, China. They rallied around a plaster statue that resembled the Statue of Liberty which they called “the Goddess of Democracy.” These protestors were seeking
   A) United States assistance in gaining better health care.
   B) economic reforms which would allow more Chinese exports.
   C) the boycott of the future Olympic games scheduled for Beijing.
   D) political reforms to allow more freedom of speech and political representation.

10) This image is from an anti-government demonstration in China that resulted in the deaths of hundreds of civilian protesters in 1989.

By what name is this incident commonly known?
   A) Bloody Tuesday
   B) Tianamen Square
   C) The July Massacre
   D) The Gwangju Massacre

11) Entrepreneurs develop new goods and services to start a business. Why is entrepreneurship often difficult?
   A) There is a risk that the new business may fail.
   B) There are laws that restrict most new businesses.
   C) Motivation for profit may not be the best incentive.
   D) Healthy competition encourages higher quality products.
12) Unlike the economies of Japan and India, the North Korean economy
    A) is almost entirely run by the government.
    B) is open to the forces of supply and demand.
    C) has limited its reliance on military spending.
    D) has not completely collapsed into an economic depression.

13) Which is a challenge that is MOST LIKELY unique to urban areas?
    A) power outages
    B) shortage of water
    C) population density
    D) lack of personal time
14) Which of these is the BEST explanation for why banks loan money to individuals?
   A) The bank would like to earn a profit by charging interest.
   B) The government requires that banks give money to applicants.
   C) The bank would like to take a risk and support an entrepreneur.
   D) The bank would like to borrow money from the Federal Reserve System.

15) What is an example of credit?
   A) A person withdraws money from a bank account using an ATM card.
   B) A person borrows money from a finance company to buy a car.
   C) A person deposits a paycheck into a savings account.
   D) A person pays interest on an existing mortgage.

16) Voter Turnout

By using this chart you can determine
   A) India’s population does not vote.
   B) India is very likely a democracy.
   C) India is threatened by the United Kingdom.
   D) Indian government official suppress voting.

17) Why is increased female participation in government MOST LIKELY a sign of democratization?
   A) It shows that a country acknowledges the political superiority of women.
   B) It demonstrates that a country is politically dominant over most other countries.
   C) It suggests that a country is willing to let all citizens get involved in government.
   D) It implies that a country is ideologically conservative in its approach to government.
18) Who was this leader of India often associated with acts of nonviolent resistance?
A) Abdul Kalam
B) Lokmanya Tilak
C) Mohandas Gandhi
D) Jawaharlal Nehru

19) In 1973 OPEC limited the amount of petroleum available to the United States. Which term refers to one nation or group of nations isolating another nation by stopping trade?
A) blockade
B) boycott
C) embargo
D) quota
20) 
- Embargoes
- Quotas
- Subsidies
- Tariffs

Which would be a good title for this list?
A) “Rule of War”
B) “Benefits to Consumers”
C) “Obstacles to Free Trade”
D) “International Diplomatic Tools”

21) In 2008, Saudi Arabia produced an average of 10,782 barrels of oil per day, while Kuwait averaged 2,742 barrels per day. Which offers the MOST LIKELY conclusion?
A) The literacy rate is higher in Kuwait than in Saudi Arabia.
B) The standard of living is higher in Saudi Arabia than in Kuwait.
C) The standard of living is higher in Kuwait than in Saudi Arabia.
D) The life expectancy rate is higher in Kuwait than in Saudi Arabia.

22) 
- Give charity to the needy.
- Make a pilgrimage.
- Fasting during the holy month.
- Pray five times each day.

These are four of the most important requirements of what religion?
A) Islam
B) Shinto
C) Hinduism
D) Judaism

23) Which country’s government would be an example of a theocracy?
A) Iran
B) Mexico
C) England
D) United States

24)
According to this chart, which country would be MOST likely to face a water crisis?

A) Jordan  
B) Lebanon  
C) Syria  
D) Turkey
25) A finance company agrees to loan money to a buyer for a new washer and dryer. What is this an example of?
A) The finance company is assuming a new debt.
B) The finance company is extending credit to a buyer.
C) The finance company is creating a savings plan for a buyer.
D) The finance company is saving the buyer money on a new loan.

26) The North Korean government controls every aspect of the economy. All decisions are made by the government as to what will be produced, for whom, and how it will be produced.

North Korea's economic system can MOSTLY be classified as a
A) Modern Economy.
B) Market Economy.
C) Command Economy.
D) Traditional Economy.

27) In a traditional economy, the decision to make (or not make) certain products is decided MOSTLY by
A) custom.
B) entrepreneurs.
C) government.
D) producers.

28) Which nation has no political parties, no voting rights for its citizens, and is ruled by a king?
A) Iran
B) Iraq
C) Saudi Arabia
D) United Arab Emirates

29) The revelations of Muhammad form the basis of which religion?
A) Hinduism
B) Islam
C) Judaism
D) Taoism

30) Cell phones and the Internet have both had the effect of
A) reducing poverty and malnutrition.
B) reducing trade barriers between nations.
C) improving medical technology in developing countries.
D) making the world a "smaller" place by increasing communication speeds.
31) Which is the MOST likely possible reason forest animals are being forced to migrate from their homes so frequently?
   A) A virus has spread through the forest.
   B) Forest fires are frequent extremely deadly.
   C) Animals move from harsher to warmer climates.
   D) Vast amount of timber is being cut and used for human purposes.
32) Anti-semitism can be defined as the hatred or discrimination of someone because he or she is
   A) Arab.
   B) Catholic.
   C) Christian.
   D) Jewish.

33) What would be the BEST title for this map?
   A) European Invasions
   B) The Spread of Islam
   C) The Bantu Migrations
   D) Mansa Musa’s Journey

34) Which statement BEST describes Lake Tanganyika?
   A) Spanning more than 3,200 square miles, it is the largest lake in the world.
   B) It is important to the population of Nigeria as a source of drinking water.
   C) It is the deepest lake in Africa and holds the largest amount of fresh water.
   D) It is the largest lake in Africa, approximately twice the size of Lake Victoria.

35) The Eightfold Path is a guiding principle of
   A) Buddhism.
   B) Christianity.
   C) Hinduism.
   D) Islam.

36) Which of these is LEAST LIKELY to determine credit worthiness?
A) payment history  
B) length of employment  
C) personal health history  
D) personal educational background

37) The government of this nation could best be described as an authoritarian dictatorship, thus the citizen plays no role in electing their leaders. President Omar al-Bashir seized power here when he overthrew the government in 1989. Since 1997, the United States government has refused to trade with this nation because of its support of terrorism and its record of human rights violations.

Which country is being described by these statements?
A) the Republic of Sudan
B) the Republic of Kenya
C) the Republic of Uganda
D) the Republic of South Africa

38) A problem that faces Japan's modern economy is
A) a lack of trading partners.
B) a lack of natural resources.
C) too much land to successfully control.
D) too much money is spent on the military.
39) In which region would you find the Atlas Mountains?
   A) Southeastern Africa
   B) Northeastern Africa
   C) Southwestern Africa
   D) Northwestern Africa

40) The government of Israel operates as a "partnership" between the legislative branch and the executive branch. All voters elect members to the legislative branch (the Knesset). The party with the largest presence in the Knesset is able to choose who the Prime Minister (the executive branch leader) will be.

   Based on this information, you can determine that Israel operates as a
   A) Oligarchy.
   B) Autocracy.
   C) Presidential Democracy.
   D) Parliamentary Democracy.

41) Using your knowledge of the geography of the Middle East, which country would LEAST likely benefit from oil production?
   A) Iran
   B) Iraq
Which of these is the BEST possible explanation for Afghanistan’s low secondary school enrollment rate for women?

A) Women do not need to attend school in southern Asia.
B) Women have traditionally refused to go to secondary school.
C) Women in Afghanistan have usually left the country to receive higher education.
D) Their society has traditionally placed little importance on women attending school.

43) In the Hindu religion the Ganges River is considered holy, and ritual bathing in its waters is practiced by an estimated 60,000 people per day. What is the MOST LIKELY effect of this practice?

A) Such use of the river has raised major health risks for the population of the area.
B) Tourism in the area has increased, and many new settlements are being established along the river.
C) The government has passed laws to restrict access to the water to discourage pollution and contamination.
D) The government of India has worked to dam the river flow so people can practice ritual bathing without contaminating the water.

44) Iran is unique in the Middle East because its official religion is

A) Judaism.
B) Shia Islam.
C) Sunni Islam.
D) Christianity.
What happens to the price of oil when OPEC countries decide to limit production?

A) oil prices drop
B) oil prices raise
C) oil prices collapse
D) oil stops being sold